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Code No. : 21111

**VASAVI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (Autonomous), HYDERABAD**  
**B.E. (C.S.E.) II Year I-Semester (Main & Backlog) Examinations, Nov./Dec.-2016**

**Data Structures**

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

*Note: Answer ALL questions in Part-A and any FIVE from Part-B*

**Part-A (10 × 2 = 20 Marks)**

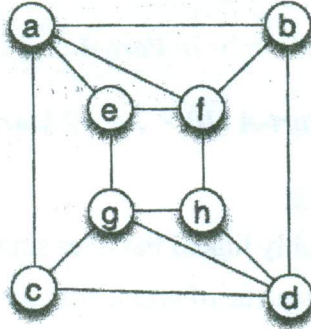
1. Show that  $n(n-1)/2 = O(n^2)$ .
2. What is the advantage of doubly linked list over singly linked list?
3. Can we implement a circular queue of size  $n$  with an array of size  $n$ ? Justify your answer.
4. What is the minimum number of stacks required to implement a queue?
5. List all binary search trees possible with keys 10, 12, 8 and 6.
6. Define balance factor of a node in an AVL tree.
7. What is the minimum and maximum number of edges a connected graph can have with 'n' vertices.
8. Define a Minimum Spanning Tree (MST).
9. Which of the following pair is efficiently merged?  
A: (10, 15, 22, 43, 52) and (6, 12, 18, 26, 48)  
B: (6, 10, 12, 15, 18) and (22, 26, 43, 48, 52)  
Justify your answer.
10. Let  $T_1$  and  $T_2$  be two heaps with 38 and 56 elements respectively. What is the difference between heights of  $T_1$  and  $T_2$ ?

**Part-B (5 × 10 = 50 Marks)**

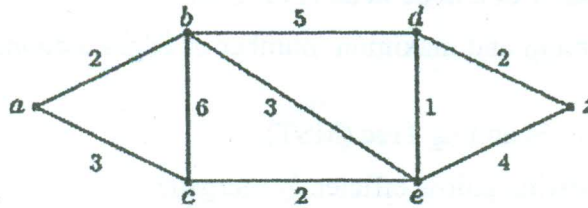
11. a) Write a function to delete the  $k^{\text{th}}$  node from a singly linked list with appropriate test conditions. [6]  
b) Let an array A be declared and defined as:  $\text{int A}[3][4] = \{10,20,30,40\}, \{15,25,35,45\}, \{12,22,32,42\}$ . Represent A using the row-major ordering and the column-major ordering. [4]
12. a) Explain with an example how to implement two stacks in one array  $A[1 \dots n]$  in such a way that neither stack overflows unless the total number of elements in both stacks together is  $n$ . Write functions for push (insert) and pop (remove) operations of stack. [5]  
b) Explain hashing with linear open addressing with a suitable example. [5]
13. a) Define a tree. With pseudo code and suitable example explain *inorder* traversal of a binary tree. [5]  
b) Define a Binary Search Tree (BST). With pseudo code and an example explain insertion operation on a BST. [5]

Contd...2

14. a) Define a graph. What are different ways of representing graphs? Apply BFS algorithm to the following graph and find four different BFS orderings by considering the vertex b as the source vertex. [6]



- b) Determine two Minimum Spanning Trees of the following graph by applying Prim's algorithm if exist. [4]



15. a) Show the result of inserting 10, 12, 1, 14, 6, 5, 8, 15, 3, 9, 7, 4, 11, 13 and 2 one at a time, into an initially empty binary heap. Also sort the above elements by applying heap sort algorithm. [5]
- b) Write a pseudo code Quick sort algorithm. [5]
16. a) Define sparse matrix. Explain an efficient method used to represent sparse matrix. [4]
- b) Convert the infix expression  $10 + 2 - 8 + 3$  to postfix using stack and count the number of *push* and *pop* operations required. [6]
17. Write short notes on any *two* of the following:
- a) Insertion operation in AVL Tree [5]
- b) Kruskal's Algorithm [5]
- c) Insertion Sort [5]

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